Financial statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2015

# Financial statements together with Independent Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2015

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# BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

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# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Members of Shrachi Realty Private Limited

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Shrachi Realty Private Limited ("the Company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



# Shrachi Realty Private Limited Independent Auditors' Report (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

# Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2015, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

# **Shrachi Realty Private Limited** Independent Auditors' Report (continued)

- On the basis of the written representation received from the directors as on 31 March 2015 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements - refer note 4(b) to the financial statements;
  - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts ii. for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - iii, There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay Partner

Membership No: 055757

# Annexure to the Independent Auditors' Report - 31 March 2015

(Referred to in our report of even date)

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which all fixed assets are verified annually. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed upon such verification.
- (ii) (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of the verification is reasonable.
  - (b) The procedures for the physical verification of inventory followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and nature of its business.
  - (c) The Company is maintaining proper records of inventory. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and book records were not material.
- (iii) (a) The Company has granted unsecured loans to three companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. These unsecured loans are repayable on demand. According to the information and explanations given to us, the loan and interest demanded during the year by the Company have been repaid. The Company has not granted any loans to firms or parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act.
  - (b) There are no overdue amount of more than rupees one lakh in respect of the unsecured loans granted to the companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business with regards to the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and sale of goods. The activities of the Company currently do not involve any sale of services. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iv) of the Order with respect to sale of services is not applicable to the Company. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no continuing failure to correct any major weakness in the internal control system of the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year.
- (vi) The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act.



# Annexure to the Independent Auditors' Report - 31 March 2015 (continued)

(vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues of employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities though there were slight delays in a few cases of income tax. As explained to us, the Company did not have any dues on account of provident fund, sales tax, wealth tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts is payable in respect of employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2015 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of service tax and cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute, except in respect of income tax as detailed below.

Name of statute	Nature of dues	Amount Demanded (Rs.)	Amount Unpaid (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax disallowances	3,394,750	3,394,750	2009-10	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals), Kolkata

- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company in accordance with the relevant provision of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) and rules made thereunder.
- (viii) The Company does not have any accumulated losses at the end of the financial year and has not incurred cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year. However, the Company has incurred cash losses during the current year.
- (ix) The Company did not have any outstanding dues to debenture holders and financial institutions. However, the Company has defaulted in repayment of dues to a bank. A principal repayment installment of Rs 75,000,000 which was due on 31 March 2015 was partially repaid by Rs 6,410,328 on 23 September 2015 and interest of Rs 3,877,607 which was due on 31 March 2015, was repaid in full on 28 May 2015.
- (x) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions.



# Annexure to the Independent Auditors' Report - 31 March 2015 (continued)

- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, term loans raised by the Company were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 10(248W/W-100022

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay

Partner Membership No: 055757

# **Balance Sheet**

as at 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

	Note	2015	2014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3.1	5,039,000	5,039,000
Reserves and surplus	3.2	493,311,396	520,760.338
	_	498,350,396	525,799,338
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	3.3	-	348.568
Long-term provisions	3.4	<u> </u>	372,836
		•	721.404
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	3.5	292,522,888	269.821.578
Trade payables	3.6		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises			
and small enterprises		21,109,448	11.297,698
Other current habilities	<b>3</b> .7	174,842,576	117,073,333
Short-term provisions	3.8	937,787	644.401
		489,412,699	398.837,010
TOTAL	-	987,763,095	925,357,752
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
- Tangible assets	3.9	5,148,412	6,805.453
Non-current investments	3.10	195,775,320	195.775.320
Deferred tax assets	3.11	-	-
Long-term loans and advances	3.12	5,399,671	4,601,608
		206,323,403	207,182,381
Current assets	·		
Inventories	3.13	417,508,557	336,698,381
Cash and bank balances	3.14	11,490,508	26.000.429
Short-term loans and advances	3.15	347,232,827	343.571,197
Other current assets	3.16	5,207,800	11,905,364
	_	781,439,692	718.175,371
TOTAL.		987,763,095	925,357,752
Significant accounting policies	_		
	2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

For BSR & Co. LLP Charlesed Accountants

Notes to the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay

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Membership No: 055757

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Shrachi Realty Private Limited

CIN - U70101EB2007PTC117468

Rahul Todi

3 and 4

Director

DIN: 00080441

Directo

DIN: 00080755

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

# Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

	Note	2015	2014
Revenue from operations	3.17	499,970	•
Other income	3.78	36,642,913	72.015,686
Total revenue	-	37,142,883	72,015,686
Expenses			
Construction costs	3.19	83,223,380	14,634,407
(Increase) in inventories of project work-in-progress	3.20	(80,810,176)	(14,634,407)
Employee benefits	3.21	6,885,458	7,162,688
Finance costs	3.22	43,808,248	44,215,618
Depreciation	3.9	831,570	820,025
Other expenses	<i>3.23</i>	10,653,345	5,960,137
Total expenses	-	64,591,825	58,158,468
(Loss) / Profit before tax		(27,448,942)	13,857,218
Income tax expense		-	-
(Loss) / Profit for the year	=	(27,448,942)	13,857,218
(Loss) / Earnings per equity share	4(a)		
Basic and diluted		(54.47)	27.50
[nominal value share Rs 10 (2014: Rs 10)]	=		
Significant accounting policies	2		
Notes to the financial statements	3 and 4		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements. As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR&Co.LLP Charged Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Jayanta Mulchopadhyay

Mamharchin Nov 0557

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Shrachi Realty Private Limited CIN - U70101EB2007PTC117468

Rahui Todi

Director

DIN: 00080441

Director

DIN: 00080755

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

		2015	2014
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	(Loss)/ Profit before tax	(27,448,942)	13.857,218
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation	831,570	820,025
	Interest expenses	43,808,248	44,215,618
	Interest income	(5,972,107)	(13,222,887)
	Dividend income	(23,565,000)	(31,725,000)
	Advances written off	-	879
	(Profit) on sale of current investment (mutual funds)	(67,552)	(95.438)
	Income from compensation on transfer of rights	(6,467,005)	(26,972.361)
	Unspent liabilities no longer required written back	(571,249)	
	Operating cash flows before working capital changes	(19,452,037)	(13,121,946)
	Changes in working capital		
	Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables	9,811,750	(1,024,380)
	(Decrease) / Increase in long-term provisions	(372,836)	147,359
	Increase/ (Decrease) in short-term provisions	293,386	(28.523)
	Increase/ (Decrease) in other current liabilities	58,034,313	(84,589,233)
	Decrease in short-term loans and advances	20,260,797	34,445.820
	(Increase) in inventories - project work in progress	(79,984,705)	(13.257.658)
	Cash flows (used in) operations	(11,409,332)	(77,428,561)
	Direct taxes paid (net)	(798,063)	(1,891,427)
	Net cash flows (used in) operating activities (A)	(12,207,395)	(79,319,988)
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Purchase of fixed assets	-	(32.862)
	Investment in flats (net of transfer of rights)	(17,455,422)	569.347
	Proceeds from maturity of fixed deposits	-	322,000
	Dividend received	23,565,000	31,725,000
	Investments made in mutual fund	(11,000,000)	(15,000.000)
	Proceeds from sale of investments in mutual fund	11,067,552	15,095.438
	Proceeds from disposal of non current investment	-	2.000
	Interest received	12,669,671	23.436.069
	Net cash flows generated from investing activities (B)	18,846,801	56,116,992
			REALTIN



# Cash Flow Statement (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

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2015	2014
67,525,086	75,000.000
(44,823,776)	(30.178.422)
(552,375)	(598,744)
(43,298,262)	(43.819,736)
(21,149,327)	403,098
(14,509,921)	(22,799.898)
26,000,429	48.800,327
11,490,508	26,000,429
	67,525,086 (44,823,776) (552,375) (43,298,262) (21,149,327) (14,509,921) 26,000,429

## Notes:

- 1. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Accounting Standard -3 ('AS-3') on Cash Flow Statement issued by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006.
- 2. Comparative figures of the previous year have been regrouped where necessary to conform with those of current year.

3. Components of cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash on hand	25,466	12,804
Cheques in hand	1,250,000	-
Bank balances with scheduled banks		
- on current accounts	10,215,042	25,987,625
	11,490,508	26,000,429
4. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash and bank balances (refer note 3.14)	11,490,508	26,000.429
Cash and cash equivalents for the cash flow statement	11,490,508	26,000.429

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay

Membership No: 055757

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Shrachi Realty Private Limited

CIN - U70101EB2007PTC117468

Rahul Todi

Director

DIN: 00080441

DIN: 00080755

Director

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

# Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 1 Company overview

Shrachi Realty Private Limited (the 'Company') was incorporated on 26 July 2007. The Company is a subsidiary of Shrachi Developers Private Limited. The Company is engaged in the business of construction, development, sale, management, and operation of all or any part of Real Estate Projects.

# 2 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements.

# 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ('Indian GAAP') and comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed in the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 which continue to apply under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent notified. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees.

# 2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

# 2.3 Current -non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

# Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realised in the company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) it is eash or eash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.



# Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.3 Current –non-current classification (Continued)

# Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

# 2.4 Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Based on the nature of services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 36 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities for current project under development and 12 months for the other assets and liabilities.

# 2.5 Fixed assets and depreciation

# Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are carried at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and/or accumulated impairment loss, if any. The cost of an item of tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties and other non-refundable taxes or levies and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use, any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Till 31 March 2014, depreciation was provided using the written down value method at the rates prescribed under Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956, except in respect of the Building (site office) which is depreciated over a period of 7 years, which is higher than the rates prescribed under Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956. Depreciation on addition/deletion of fixed asset made during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from / up to the date of each addition / deletion.

Pursuant to the Act being effective from 1 April 2014, the Company has revised the depreciation rates on fixed assets as per the useful life specified in Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Act. Depreciation is provided using the written down value method over the useful life as prescribed under Schedule II to the Act. Depreciation on addition/deletion of fixed the Act.

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.5 Fixed assets and depreciation (continued)

asset made during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from / up to the date of each addition / deletion.

For class of assets categorised under building, based on internal assessment, the management believes that these assets have useful lives of 10 years, which is lower and different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Act.

Assets costing less than Rs 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Advance paid /expenditure incurred on acquisition /construction of fixed assets which are not ready for their intended use at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed under loans and advances as advances on capital account and capital work-in-progress respectively.

# 2.6 Impairment of assets

The assets of the Company are reviewed at each reporting date to determine if there is any indication of impairment. For assets in respect of which any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets (cash generating unit or CGU) that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its net selling price. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If at the Balance Sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists or has decreased, the assets or CGU's recoverable amount is estimated. For assets other than goodwill, the impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Such a reversal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# 2.7 Operating leases

Assets acquired under leases other than finance leases are classified as operating leases. The total lease rentals (including scheduled rental increases) in respect of an asset taken on operating lease are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the lease term unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the benefit. Initial direct costs incurred specifically for an operating lease are deferred and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease term.

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.8 Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the date of acquisition are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. However, that part of long term investments which is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date is also presented under 'current assets' as "current portion of long term investments" in consonance with the current/non-current classification scheme of Schedule III of the Act.

Long-term investments (including current portion thereof) are carried at cost less any other-than-temporary diminution in value, determined separately for each individual investment. Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each category of investments.

Any reductions in the carrying amount and any reversals of such reductions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# 2.9 Inventories

Direct expenses like cost of land, site labour cost, material used for project construction, project management consultancy, costs for moving the plant and machinery to the site and general expenses incurred specifically for the respective project like insurance, design and technical assistance, borrowing costs and construction overheads are taken as the cost of project work-in-progress.

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value; cost is determined on the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# 2.10 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred in relation to the acquisition / construction of project property is included in inventory till the date the construction of the property is completed. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period which are not related to the construction activity nor are incidental thereto, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# 2.11 Revenue recognition

Revenue from sale of property in the course of ordinary activities is recognised when property in the goods or all significant risks and rewards of their ownership are transferred to the customer and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of the property and regarding its collection. However if, at the time of transfer substantial acts are yet to be performed under the contract, revenue is recognised on proportionate basis as the acts are performed i.e., on the percentage of completion basis.

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.11 Revenue recognition (continued)

The amount recognised as revenue is exclusive of sales tax, value added taxes (VAT) and service tax.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the interest rate applicable.

# 2.12 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the spot rates on the date of the respective transactions. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the Balance Sheet date are translated at the closing exchange rates on that date; the resultant exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# 2.13 Employee benefits

# (i) Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits such as salaries, wages, etc. are recognised in the period in which the employee rendered the related services. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised as an expense during the period.

# (ii) Post employment benefits

Defined contribution plan:

The provisions of the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, is not applicable to the Company as the number of employees of the Company is below the limits prescribed under the Act.

# Defined benefit plan:

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.



# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.13 Employee benefits (Continued)

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the Balance Sheet date.

When the calculation results in a benefit to the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the net total of any unrecognised actuarial losses and past service costs and the present value of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Long term employment benefits:

The Company's net obligation in respect of long-term employment benefits, other than gratuity, is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method and is discounted to its present value and the fair value of any related assets is deducted.

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the Balance Sheet date. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under long term employment benefits, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the Balance Sheet date.

# 2.14 Income taxes

Income-tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the applicable tax rates and tax laws. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income i.e. differences that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty supported by

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.14 Income taxes (Continued)

convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each Balance Sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

# Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The credit available under the Income-tax Act, 1961 in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set-off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

# 2.15 Earnings per share (EPS)

The basic EPS is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the year, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

# 2.16 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date. The provisions are measured on an undiscounted basis.

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be estimated reliably.





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.17 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

# 2.18 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby net profits before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

urre	icy : indian rupees)				
				2015	2014
3.1	Share capital				
	Authorised capital				
	750,000 (2014: 750,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each.			7,500,000	7,500,000
				7,500,000	7,500,000
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up				
	<b>503,900</b> (2014: 503,900) equity shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up			5,039,000	5,039,000
				5,039,000	5,039,000
(A)	Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at it	ne end of the reporting	yéar		
		2015		2014	••••
	Equity shares	Numbers	Amount	Numbers	Amount
	At the commencement and end of the year	503,900	5,039,000	503,900	5,039,000
(B)	Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares				

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the Company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the Company. Voting rights eannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable have not been paid.

Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead to forfeiture of the shares.

On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to the number of equity shares held

# (C) Shares held by holding company

		2015		2014	
		Numbers	Amount	Numbers	Amount
Equity s	hares of Rs 10 cach, fully paid-up				
	Developers Private Limited, the holding company	259,000	2,590,000	259,000	2,590,000
(D) Particul	ars of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares				
		2015		2014	<u> </u>
		Numbers	%	Numbers	%
Equity s	hares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up				
Shrachi	Developers Private Limited, the holding company	259,000	51.40%	259,000	51.40%
SRS Inv	estments Bengal Tiger Limited	144,900	28.76%	144,900	28.76%
				2015	2014
3.2 Reserve	s and surplus			2010	2017
Securiti	es premium account				
At the co	summencement and at the end of year			450,036,297	450,036,297
			_	450,036,297	450,036,297
	(Profit and Loss balance)				
	ommencement of the year			70,724,041	56,866,823
(Loss)/	Profit for the year			(27,448,942)	13,857,218
At the e	nd of the year		_	43,275,099	70,724,041
Total re	serves and surplus		_	493,311,396	520,760,338





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued) as at 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2015

2014

## 3.3 Long -term borrowings

Vehicle Ioan from Axis Bank Limited (secured)

348,568

- 348,568

## Details of security and repayment terms:

No.	Amount outstanding as on 31 March 2015		No of installments	Amount of each	Rate of Interest (Per Annum)	
Nature of security:	Current	Non-current	msiaumenis	instanment (res)	(Fer Annun)	
	Terms of repayment: 2015					
Vehicle loan taken from Axis Bank Limited amounting to Rs.1,595,000 taken on 18 October 2012 against	348,568.	-	7	51,470	10.01%	
hypothecation of vehicle, purchased there against and the						
same is repayable in 36 equal monthly installments.	552,375	348,568	19	51,470	10.01%	

# 3.4 Long-term provisions.

Provision for employee benefits

Compensated absences [refer note 4(f)]

Gratuity [refer note 4(f)]

102,152

270,684 372,836

## 3.5 Short-term borrowings

Term loans from Allahabad Bank (secured)

292,522,888

269,821,578

292,522,888

269,821,578

# Details of security and repayment terms:-

- 1. Term loan from Allahabad Bank amounting to Rs 150,000,000 (2014: Rs 194,821,578) is secured by -
- a) first charge and mortgage on both movable and immovable project assets, both present and future situated at old Purulia Road, near Pardin chowk,
   Jamshedpur, Jharkhand along with all immovable properties of the Company, both present and future on pari-passu basis.
- b) all the intangible assets of the Company, including, but not limited to goodwill, uncalled capital present and future on pari-passu basis.
- c) all bank accounts of the project being financed by the bank.
- d) second charge on entire current assets of the Company including but limited to book-debts, operating cash flows, receivables, revenues of whatsoever pature and wherever arising, stocks, spares etc. on pari-passu basis.

Term loan from Allahabad Bank carries an interest of Allahabad Bank's base rate plus 5% per annum with monthly rests and is repayable in 4 equal quarterly installments of Rs 75,000,000 each, commencing from September 2014 i.e. with a moratorium of 30 months from the date of first disbursement of January 2011.

- 2. Term loan from Allahabad Bank amounting to Rs.142,522,888 (2014; Rs 75,000,000) is secured by-
- a) first charge on all the immovable properties of company's share of 60% of the constructed demarcated area together with an undivided indivisible, impartible proportionate share and interest in the land and building and the common portion as being developers allocation of the commercial complex "Ekdin Tower" project, situated at Premises No -04-0702 in street no 072, Erstwhile Plot No- 11D/30, Action Area-11D of New Town, Kolkata.
- b) all the intangible assets of the Company, including, but not limited to goodwill, uncalled capital present and future on pari-passu basis.
- c) all bank accounts of the project being financed by the bank.
- d) second charge on entire current assets of the Company including but limited to book-debts, operating cash flows, receivables, revenues of whatsoever nature and wherever arising, stocks, spares etc. on pari-passu basis.

Term loan from Allahabad Bank carries an interest of Allahabad Bank's base rate plus 5% per annum with monthly rests and is repayable in 3 staggered quarterly installments commencing from September 2015 for Rs 42,250,000, December 2015 for Rs 63,375,000 and March 2016 for Rs 36,900,086.

Both the above term loans are personally guaranteed by the promoter director Mr Rahul Todi and corporate guarantee given by Ekdin Media Private Limited

# Default in payment of short - term borrowings existing as at Balance Sheet date

The details of defaults made by the Company in repayment of short - term borrowings is set out below:

Name of the lender	Amount due on	Amount due as on balance sheet date	Amount repaid	Amount repaid on	Number of days of delay
Allahabad bank					
- Principal - Greens	31-Mar-15	75,000,000	6,410,328	23-Sep-15	176
- Interest - Greens	31-Mar-15	2:128.478	2,128,478	28-May-15	58.
- Interest - Ek-Tower	31-Mar-15	1,749,129	1,749,129	28-May-15	58





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued).

as at 31 March 2015

(Curre	ncy: Indian rupees)	2015	2014
3.6	Trade payables	***	
	Trade payables		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises [refer note 4 (e)]	-	-
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than mucro enterprises and small enterprises		
	- Others	17,334,358	9,631,236
	- Retention money payable to contractors	3,775,090	1,666,462
		21,109,448	11,297,698
3.7	Other current liabilities		
	Current maturities of long-term vehicle loan	348,568	552,375
	(Refer note 3.3, above for security and repayment terms)	<b>4</b> 14,000	,
	Interest accrued and due on borrowings	3,894,705	3,380,113
	Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	2,906	7,512
	Advances received from customers	163,613,469	107,562,726
	Statutory dues payable:		
	Tax deducted at source payable	491,766	432,467
	Works contract tax payable	30,542	28,558
	Employee State Insurance payable	262	262
	Professional tax payable	900	1,050
	Service tax payable	-	31,412
	Cess on labour payable	89.408	484,534
	Employee benefits payable	489,988	548,091
	Other payables	5,880,062	4,044,233
		174,842,576	117,073,333
3.8	Short-term provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Compensated absences [refer note 4(f)]	140,406	65,641
	Gratuity [refer note 4(f)]	225,967	7,346
	Provision for income tax [net of advance tax <b>Rs</b> 4,502,686 (2014; Rs 4,502,686)]	571,414	571,414
	7,502,000/[	937 787	644 401





937,787

644,401

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

# 3.9 Tangible fixed assets

Particulars	Motor cars	Building	Furniture and fittings	Office equipments	Plant and equipment	Computer and accessories	Total
Gross block							
Balance as at 1 April 2013	2,431,493	9,634,352	1.362,064	210,284	665,084	936,649	15,239,926
Additions	-	-	-	32.862	-	-	32,862
Disposals	-	-	_	-		-	
Balance as at 31 March 2014	2,431.493	9.634,352	1,362,064	243,146	665,084	936,649	15,272,788
Balance as at 1 April 2014	2,431,493	9,634,352	1,362,064	243,146	665,084	936,649	15,272,788
Additions	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
Disposals	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2015	2,431,493	9,634,352	1,362,064	243,146	665,084	936,649	15,272,788
Depreciation							
Balance as at 1 April 2013	472.621	4,130,247	643,496	91,006	244,812	688,379	6,270,561
Depreciation for the year	507,152	1,376,749	130,061	25,044	58,460	99,308	2,196,774
Accumulated depreciation on disposals		-	-	_	-		-
Balance as at 31 March 2014	979,773	5,506.996	773,557	116,050	303,272	787,687	8,467,335
Balance as at 1 April 2014	979,773	5,506,996	773,557	116,050	303,272	787,687	8,467,335
Depreciation for the year	452,448	825,471	164,300	28,173	85,573	101,976	1,657,041
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	-	_	-		· -	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2015	1,432,221	6,332,467	937,857	144,223	388,845	888,763	10,124,376
Net block							
As at 31 March 2014	1.451,720	4.127.356	588,507	127,096	361,812	148,962	6,805,453
As at 31 March 2015	999,272	3.301,885	424,207	98,923	276,239	47,886	5,148,412

Note: Depreciation amounting to Rs 825,471 (2014: Rs 1.376.749) in respect of site office has been transferred to construction work-in-progress (refer note 3.19)

In compliance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the management has reassessed the estimate useful lives of the fixed assets and made necessary changes with effect from 1 April 2014. As a consequence of this change, depreciation charge for the year is lower by Rs. 338,450.





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2015

(Currency Indian Rupees)

# 3.10 Non-current investments

(Valued at cost unless stated otherwise)			
	Face value per share/unit	2015	2014
Trade investments (unquoted)			
Investments in equity instruments (fully paid-up)			
In associates	10	22 727 070	22,737,828
562,500 (2014 562,500) Intelligent Infrastructure Limited	10 10	22,737,828 175,000	175,000
17,500 (2014-17,500) Newtown Dwellers Private Limited	1.0	6,159,900	6,150,000
615,000 (2014: 615,000) Intelligent Structures Private Limited	10	1,315,000	1,315,000
131,500 (2014: 131,500) Pawanputra Tradecom Private Limited	10	302,253	302,253
30,200 (2014: 30,200) Indraprastha Farms Private Limited	10	302,233	202,203
In others			
1,057,500 (2014: 1,057,500) Bengal NRI Complex Limited	10	8,934,781	8,934,781
30,000 (2014: 30,000) Ideal Heights Private Limited	10	303,006	303,006
In companies in which directors can exercise significant influence			
90,000 (2014: 90,000) Rosedale Developers Private Limited	10	902,250	902,250
100,428 (2014: 100,428) Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited	10	18,944,744	18,944,744
Investment in preference shares (fully paid-up)			
100% Non cumulative redeemable preference shares			
615,000 (2014: 615,000) Intelligent Structures Private Limited	100	61,500,000	61,500,000
Optionally convertible preference shares (fully paid-up)			
562,500 (2014, 562,500) Intelligent Infrastructure Limited	10	23,684,062	23,684,062
Investment in debentures			
Fully convertible debentures (fully paid-up)			
516,071 (2014 516.071) Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited	10	5,160,710	5,160.710
3,689,290 (2014: 3,689,290) Newtown Dwellers Private Limited	10	36,892,900	36,892,900
Investment in share warrants			
Share warrants (fully paid-up)			
44,307 (2014: 44,307) Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited	198.	8,772,786	8,772,786
	•	195,775,320	195,775,320
		106 776 320	105 775 220
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments		195,775,320 195,775,320	195,775,320 195,775,320
Aggregate net asset value of unquoted investments		175,775,328	193,113,340





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2015

3.11

Currency :	Indian	rupees)
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oney markin supress,	2015	2014
I Deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax assets comprises of.		
Difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per the Income tax Act, 1961	1,858,814	1,745,525
Carryforward business losses	28,080,706	13,142,868
Unabsorbed depreciation	1,119,104	669,165
Disallowance under Section 43B of the Income tax Act, 1961	47,724	57,033
Deferred tax assets, net	31,106,348	15,614,591
Deferred tax assets (net) recognised in the financial statements *		

# \*Note:

As per Accounting Standard 22 on Accounting for taxes on income, the Company would have a deferred tax assets as at 31 March 2015 primarily comprising of carried forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation under tax laws. However, in the absence of virtual certainty of realisation of this asset, the management is of the view that it is prudent not to recognise deferred tax asset as at 31 March 2015. Accordingly, Rs 31,106,348 (2014 Rs 15,614,591) of deferred tax asset is not recognised in the financial statements as at 31 March 2015.

# 3.12 Long-term loans and advances

20 E			r.
(Unsecured	ana	considered	200a)

	Security deposit Advance income tax [net of provision for income tax Rs Nil (2014 : Rs Nil]	44,000 5,355,671 5,399,671	44,000 4,557,608 4,601,608
3.13	Inventories		
	(Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	Project work in progress:		
	Land costs including development rights	152,401,711	152,401,711
	Construction costs	190,962,682	123,303,220
	Depreciation	6,332,467	5,506,996
	Borrowing costs	21,463,826	21,463,826
	Other expenses	46,347,871	34,022,628
		417,508,557	336,698,381
3.14	Cash and bank balances		
	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	25,466	12,804
	Cheques in hand	1,250,000	-
	Bank balances with scheduled banks		
	- in current accounts	10,215,042	25,987,625
		11,490,508	26,000,429





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued) as at 31 March 2015

(Currency : Indian rupees)

(Curren	ıcy : Indian rupees)	2015	2014
3.15	Short-term loans and advances		
	(Unsecured and considered good)		
	Short-term loans		
	To parties other than related parties:		
	Neobeam Properties Private Limited	106,788	72,084
	To related parties		
	Intelligent Structures Private Limited	•	14,151,685.
	Newtown Dwellers Private Limited		1,250,000
		106,788	15,473,769
	Advances against purchase of land / properties		
	To parties other than related parties		
	Considered good	40,104,999	45,104,999
	Considered doubtful	5,000,000	-
	Less: Provision for bad and doubtful advance	(5,000,000)	-
		40,104,999	45,104,999
	To related parties	r 500 000	£ 770 880
	Indraprastha Farms Private Limited	6,590,000	5,770,000
	Advance against projects	46,694,999	50,874,999
	To parties other than related parties	82,885,109	39,186,521
	To parties other than retailed parties	02,005,109	37,189,321
	To related party		
	Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	95,040,059	92,913,425
		177,925,168	132,099,946
	Advance against purchase of flats		
	To related parties		
	Bengal NRI Complex Limited	83,273,272	65,452,359
	Rosedale Developers Private Limited	2,793,525	4,415,775
	**	86,066,797	69,868,134
	Other receivables		
	To related party	70 005 145	22.250.257
	Rosedale Developers Private Limited	30,082,121	22,358,357
	Others		
	Advance to suppliers and contractors	4,039,838	1,132,476
	Travel and other advances	1,058	50,550,169
	CENVAT Credit receivable	1,994,219	901,740
	Prepaid expenses	311,839	284,607
	Security deposit	10,000_	27,000
		6,356,954	52,895,992
		347,232,827	343,571,197
3.16	Other current assets		
	Receivable against surrender of development rights	1 504 000	1 500 000
	Interest receivable from body corporate	1,500,000	1,500,000
	microst receivable from oddy corporate	3,707,800	10,405,364
		5,207,800	11,905,364
		· = = <del></del>	





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

((

	ey : Indian rupees)		
		2015	2014
3.17	Revenue from operation		
	Income from Transfer/ Cancellation of Units	499,970	-
		499,970	<u> </u>
3.18	Other income		
	Interest income on:		
	Loans [Tax deducted at source Rs 596,032 (2014: Rs 1,321,596)]	5,960,324	13,215,960
	Others [Tax deducted at source Rs Nil (2014: Rs 1.132)]	11,783	6,927
	Dividend income from long term investments (trade)	23,565,000	31,725,000
	Compensation on transfer of rights	6,467,005	26,972,361
	Profit on sale of mutual funds (current investments)	67,552	95,438
	Unspent liabilities no longer required written back	571,249	-
		36,642,913	72,015.686
3.19	Construction costs		
	Incurred during the year:		
	Construction costs	67,659,462	7,812,774
	Depreciation	825,471	1.376,749
	Other expenses	14,738,447	5,444.884
		83,223,380	14,634,407
3.20	(Increase) in inventories of project work-in-progress		
	Opening project work in progress	336,698,381	322.063.974
	Less: Closing project work in progress	417,508,557	336,698,381
		(80,810,176)	(14,634,407)





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Curren	ncy: Indian rupees)		
		2015	2014
3.21	Employee benefits		
	Salaries, bonus and allowances	6,450,155	6.726,234
	Contribution to funds	90,177	91,328
	Staff welfare expenses	345,126	345,126
		6,885,458	7,162,688
3.22	Finance costs		
	Interest expense		
	On term loans	43,711,248	34,521,758
	On vehicle loan	60,660	116,266
	On others	36,340	7,274,764
	Loan processing charges	•	2,302,830
		43,808,248	44,215,618
3.23	Other expenses		
	Rent	2,457,900	491,400
	Rates and taxes	52,290	11,740
	Repairs and maintenance		
	Others	77,231	46,405
	Insurance	111,348	82,120
	Bank Charges	11,375	10,315
	Advertisement expenses	694,036	111,048
	Brokerage and commission	632,226	760,029
	Travelling and conveyance	31,372	499,815
	Communication expenses	62,613	55,349
	Legal and professional fees	220,742	2,492,584
	Payment to auditors (refer note below)	354,922	357,230
	Advances written off	•	879
	Provision for bad and doubtful advances.	5,000,000	-
	Miscellaneous expenses	947,290	1,041,223
		10,653,345	5,960,137
Note:	Payment to auditors		
	Statutory audit	325,000	325,000
	Reimbursement of expenses	29,922	32,230
	·	354,922	357.230





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 4 Notes to accounts

# a) (Loss) / Earnings per share

Particulars	2015	2014
Net profit/(loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholders (A)	(27,448,942)	13,857,218
Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year	503,900	503,900
Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	503,900	503,900
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (B)	503,900	503,900
Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per equity share (A/B)	(54.47)	27.50
(Face value of Rs 10 per share)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>

# b) Contigent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

Contingent Liabilities

Particulars	2015	2014
Corporate Guarantee issued by the Company on behalf of the Rosedale Developers Private Limited (a related party) to secure financial assistance	Nil	80,000,000
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts and disputed by the Company in respect of Income tax matters	3,394,750	3,394,750

Commitments		_ <del></del>
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net	-	-
of capital advances) and not provided for		

# c) Segment information

The Company is operating in the real estate industry and operates only in India. The Company has only one reportable business segment, which is development of real estate and infrastructure facilities and has only one reportable geographical segment. Accordingly, these financial statements are reflective of the information required by the Accounting Standard on Segment Reporting (AS-17) notified by Companies (Accounting standard) Rules 2006, for the real estate development segment.





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 4 Notes to accounts (Continued)

Information in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standard 18 on Related Party Disclosures notified by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006

# d) Related party disclosures:

Names	of related	parties:
1 10071100	v,	P

Names of related parties where control exists

Holding company

Shrachi Developers Private Limited

Names of other related parties with whom

transactions have taken place

Associates

Intelligent Infrastructure Limited
Intelligent Structures Private Limited
Pawanputra Tradecom Private Limited
Indraprastha Farms Private Limited

Key Management Personnel

Shrawan Kumar Todi (Director)

Rahul Todi (Director) Sanjeev Agarwal (Director)

Relatives of Key Management Personnel

Chitralekha Todi - wife of Mr.Shrawan Kumar Todi

Sujata Todi - wife of Mr.Rahul Todi

Monika Agarwal - wife of Mr. Sanjeev Agarwal

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key

management personnel or their relatives

Bengal NRI Complex Limited

Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited

Ideal Heights Private Limited Sutanutti Farms Private Limited Rosedale Developers Private Limited

Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited

Newtown Dwellers Private Limited Anchor Apartments Private Limited Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi (HUF)

Rahul Todi (HUF)

Bhagwan Ram Sita Seva Nidhi Brijlal Shrawan Kumar HUF

Brijlal Todi HUF Chitra Family Trust Lakshmi Saraswati Kosh Ravi Todi Family Trust Ravi Todi HUF

Sri Balaji Nidhi







# Notes to the financial statements (Continued ) for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency ; Indian rupees)

# 4 Notes to accounts (Continued)

Note 4 (d) - Related party transaction continued

Nature of Transaction	Associates	ates	Кеу пападеп	Key management personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	r management	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel	owned or enced by key personnel	Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Dividend Income Ideal Reights Private Limited	1	1	1	1	,	•	300,000		300,000	1
Bengal NRI Complex Limited	ı	1	,	ı	ı	ı	23,265,000	31,725,000	23,265,000	31,725,000
Interest income										1 4 6
Interligent Structures Frivate Limited Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	1,840,543	1,647,018	• 1	• 1	r 4	F i	4,110,256	11,561,515	4,110,256	11,561,515
Compensation on Transfer of Rights in flats Rosedale Developers Private Limited	1	ı		ŀ	ą	,	6,467,005	19,936,940	6,467,005	19,936,940
Commission Paid Rosedale Developers Private Limited	,	h			,	ŧ	181,658	560,029	181,658	560,029
Interest paid Bengal NRI Complex Limited	,	1	1		•		ı	7,147,459	• • 1	7,147,459
Rent expenses Shrawan Kinnar Ravi Todi 14116	r	,		ı	ı	ı	285.000	000 25	285.000	
Rahul Todi HUF	1	1	ı.	1	1	1	447,000	89,400	447,000	89,400
Bhagwan Ram Sita Seva Nidhi	•	•	,	•	•	•	345,000	000,69	345,000	000'69
Brijlal Shrawan Kumar HUF	•	•	•	•	•	•	192,900	22,200	192,900	22,200
Brijlal Todi 11UF	ı	•		•		١	360,000	000.09	300,000	000009
Chira ramily 170st Lakshmi Saraswati Kosh	1 (	1 (	l 1	. (		d 1	000°000	16.200	non'est	16.200
Sri Balaji Nidhi	,	•	•	,	•		210,000	42,000	210,000	42,000
Ravi Todi Family Trust	1	1	1	1	1	ı	330,000	12,000	330,000	12,000
Ravi Todi HUF	1	1	1	,	•	•	•	54,000	,	24,000
Repair and maintenance and Misc expenses							755 700	.00	907 430	202 6 7 203
Anchor Apartments Private Limited	ι	,	•	ŧ	ı	1	neo'cce	507,616	neo'ecc	501,510
Remuneration Sanjeev Agarwal	i	•	3,115,884	3,130,884	•			,	3,115,884	3,130,884
Monika Agarwal	,	•	•	•	1,400,000	1,400,000	•	Ł	1,400,000	1,400,000

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 4 Notes to accounts (Continued)

Note 4 (d) - Related party transaction continued

Nature of Transaction	Associates	ates	Кеу тападеп	ey management personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	s of key t personnel	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel	owned or nenced by key personnel	Total	[a]
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Advance against projects Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	t	•		,	,	,	62,100,584	45,110,965	62,100,584	45,110,965
Advance for purchase of land/ properties Indraprastha Farms Private Limited	820,000		•			¥	ı	•	820,000	
Advance for purchase of flats given Bengal NRI Complex Limited	•	1		,	•		17,820,913	11,703,669	17,820,913	11,703,669
Advance for purchase of flat refunded Anchor Apartments Private Limited	t	í	r		,	,	r	65,000,000	r	65,000,000
Loan given Newtown Dwellers Private Limited	•	1	•		•	•	•	1,259,000	•	1,250,000
Loan given received back Newtown Dwellers private Limited Pawanputra Tradecom Privited Limited Intelligent Structures Private Limited	- 14,151,685	300,000	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1		1,250,000		1,250,000	300,000
Advance for project given received back Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	†	,	F	•	1	7	59,973,950	108,575,659	59,973,950	108,575,659
Advance for purchase of flats given reversed on account of Sale Bengal NRI Complex Limited Rosedale Developers Private Limited	1 1	1 1	1 1			1 1	1,622,250	5.237,595	1,622,250	5,237,595





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued) for the year embed 31 March 2013

(Сипонсу ; Indian rupees)

# 4 Notes to accounts (Continued)

Note 4 (d) - Related party transaction continued

Nature of Transaction	Associates	intes	Key management personnel	ent personnel	management personnel	personnel	significantly influenced by key management personnel	luenced by key t personnel	Total	-
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Balance outstanding at year end-Receivable Advance against projects Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	1	•		,	1	1	95,040,039	92:913,425	480,040,84	92,913,425
Loan given Intelligent Structures Private Limited Newtown Dwellers private Limited	,	14,151,685	1 r	3 7	1 •	1 •		1,250,000	1 1	14,151,685 1,250,000
Advance against purchase of flats Bengal NRI Complex Limited Rosedale Developers Private Limited	<b>t</b> 1		. ,	ı ,	, .	1 1	83,273,272	65,452,359 4,415,775	83,273,272 2,793,525	65,452,359 4,415,775
Advance for purchase of Land/ properties indraprasha Farms Private Limited Sutanutt Farms Private Limited	0.590,04K)	5,770,000	,	1 1	* r	1 1	22,540,000	22.546,000	6,596,000	5,770,000
Interest receivable Bengal Strachi Housing Development Limited		,	•			1	3,699,229	10,405,364	3,699,229	10,405,364
Other receivables Rosedale Developers Private Limited	,	ı	,		•		30,082,121	22,358,357	30,082,121	22,358,357
Balance outstanding at year end- Payables Payables Serious			150 651	100			_		120,021	25.
Sanjacy Agawa. Monika Agarwa!	, ,		) catacr	7.06.7 7.	154,995	173,884		, ,	154,995	173,884
Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi HUF	1		•	•	•	•	256,500	57,000	256,500	57,000
Rahul Todi HUF	•	•		•	,	,	402,300	89,400	402,300	89.400
Brijlal Shrawan Kumar HUF				. ,	• •		173,610	22,200	173,610	22,200
Brijlst Todi HUF	,	1	,	,	,	•	270,000	90,000	270,000	90,000
Chitra Family Trust	•	•	•	•	r	,	313,200	009'69	313,200	009'69
Lakshini Saraswati Kosh	•	1	•	,	•	•	1	16,200	ı	16,200
Sri Balaji Nidhi	•			•	1	1	189,000	42,000	189,000	42,000
Ravi Todi Family Trust	- -	•	•		•	•	297,000	12,000	297,000	12,000
Ravi Todi Huf	· (c)		,	,	,	•	•	24,000	1	24,000
Anchor Apartments Private Limited	· ·	•	•		•	•	108,193	26,986	108,193	26,986

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 4 Notes to accounts (Continued)

# e) Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED') which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro. Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, there are no outstanding dues to the Micro and Small enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 as set out in the following disclosures:

	2015	2014
a) The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year:		
- Principal	-	-
- Interest	-	-
b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	•	-
c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro. Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	-	-
d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	-
e) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-

# f) Disclosure pursuant to Accounting standard - 15 (Revised) 'Employee Benefits'

# 1) General description

# Compensated absences (Other long term employment benefit):

The leave wages are payable to all eligible employees at the rate of daily basic salary for each day of accumulated leave on death or on resignation or upon retirement on attaining superannuation age. The liability towards compensated absences for the year ended 31 March 2015 based on actuarial valuation using the projected accrued benefit method amounting to Rs 140,406 (2014; Rs 167,793) has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# Gratuity (Defined benefit plan):

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on death or resignation or retirement calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act with no ceiling.





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 4 Notes to accounts (Continued)

# f) Disclosure pursuant to Accounting standard - 15 (Revised) 'Employee Benefits' (Continued)

2) The following table summarizes the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for gratuity benefit.

Grat	tuíty	2015	2014
1	Net employee expense		
	Current service cost	156,233	155,678
	Interest cost on benefit obligation	61,795	57,701
	Expected return on plan assets	(44,496)	(37,972)
	Net actuarial loss/ (gain) recognised in the year	(96,120)	(101,920)
	Net benefit expenses	77,412	73,487
и	Amount recognised in the balance sheet		
	Defined benefit obligation	904,368	772,435
	Plan asset	678,401	494,405
	Amount recognised in the balance sheet	225,967	278,030
III	Movement in benefit liability		
	Opening defined benefit obligation	772,435	659,445
	Interest cost	61,795	57,701
	Current service cost	156,233	155,678
	Benéfits paid	-	-
	Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligation	(86,095)	(100,389)
	Closing benefit obligation	904,368	772,435
IV.	Changes in the fair value of plan assets		
	Opening fair value of plan assets	494,405	433,968
	Expected return	44,496	37.972
	Contributions by employer	129,475	20,934
	Benefits paid	-	-
	Actuarial gains / (losses)	10,025	1,531
	Closing fair value of plan assets	678,401	494,405
v	Actual return on plan assets		
	Expected return on plan assets	44,496	37.972
	Actuarial gains / (losses) on plan assets	10,025	1,531
VI	The Principal actuarial assumptions are:		
	Discount rate	8.00% p.a	8.75% p.a
	Salary increase	10.00% p.a	10.00% p.a
	Withdrawal rate	10 per thousand p.a.	10 per thousand p.a.
		6 above age 45	6 above age 45
		3 between 29 and 45	3 between 29 and 45
		1 below age 29	1 below age 29





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

4 Notes to accounts (Continued)

# f) Disclosure pursuant to Accounting standard - 15 (Revised) 'Employee Benefits' (Continued)

# VII Experience adjustments:

Amount for current and previous four years are as follows

•	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Défined benefit obligation	904,368	772,435	659.445	255,969	150.721
Fair value of Plan assets	678,401	494,405	433,968	289,315	-
Surplus/ (Deficit)	(225,967)	(278,030)	(225,477)	33,346	(150,721)
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities [(gain)/loss]	(149,055)	(38.000)	68.194	151,250	89,060
Experience adjustment on plan assets [gain/(loss)]	8,789	(1,724)	29,445	19.630	-

# Investment detail of plan assets

Plan asset, for gratuity payable to employees, available with the Company is an Insurer managed fund by Life Insurance Corporation of India (100%).

Estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Assumptions regarding future mortality are based on published statistics and mortality tables. The calculation of the defined benefit obligation is sensitive to the mortality assumptions. The expected long-term rate of return is based on the portfolio as a whole and not on the sum of the returns on individual asset categories. The return is based exclusively on historical returns, without adjustments.

Non interest bearing advance against project include Rs 78,800,059 given, pursuant to memorandum of understanding (MOU) dated 1 April 2008 between the Company and Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited (BSHDL), an advance to BSHDL to be used for acquisition of 14 acres (approx.) land at Mouza Baligori, JL 34, Rajarhat, 24 Paraganas North for the purpose of development of residential / commercial properties. In terms of the said MOU, upon complete acquisition / registration, the said land for the purpose of above project development, would be transferred to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) "Shrachi Virtuous" as specified in the Rajarhat Shareholders Agreement dated July 1, 2008 wherein the Company's above deposits shall be converted at a future date into such number of equity shares as may be determined in accordance with terms and conditions specified in the above agreement and supplements thereof. In the event, BHSDL fails to fulfill its obligation under the MOU, the entire amount of deposit is refundable along with interest at 12% per annum.

The Company had also given interest bearing advance as per the terms of supplementary MOU dated 25 January 2011 of Rs 16,240,000. During the current year, the Company had on different dates given further interest bearing advance of Rs 62,100,584. The Company also received back on various dates from BSHDL an amount aggregating to Rs,59,973,950.

# h) Disclosure under Section 186 of the Companies Act 2013

The operations of the Company are classified as 'infrastructure facilities' as defined under Schedule III to the Act. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements specified in sub-section 4 of Section 186 of the Act in respect of loans given, investment made or guarantee given or security provided and the related disclosures on purposes/ utilisation by recipient companies, are not applicable to the Company.



# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2015

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 4 Notes to accounts (Continued)

# i) Other matters

Information with regard to other matters specified in Schedule III to the Act is either nil or not applicable to the Company for the year.

# j) Previous year comparatives

The previous years figures has been regrouped/rearranged wherever found necessary to conform to the current year's classification/disclosure.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Jayanta Mukhopadayay

Partner

Membership No: 055757

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Shrachi Realty Private Limited

CIN - U70101EB2007PTC117468

Rahul Todi

Director

DIN: 00080441

Director

DIN: 00080755

Place: Kolkata

Date: 23 September 2015